

Code Generation:

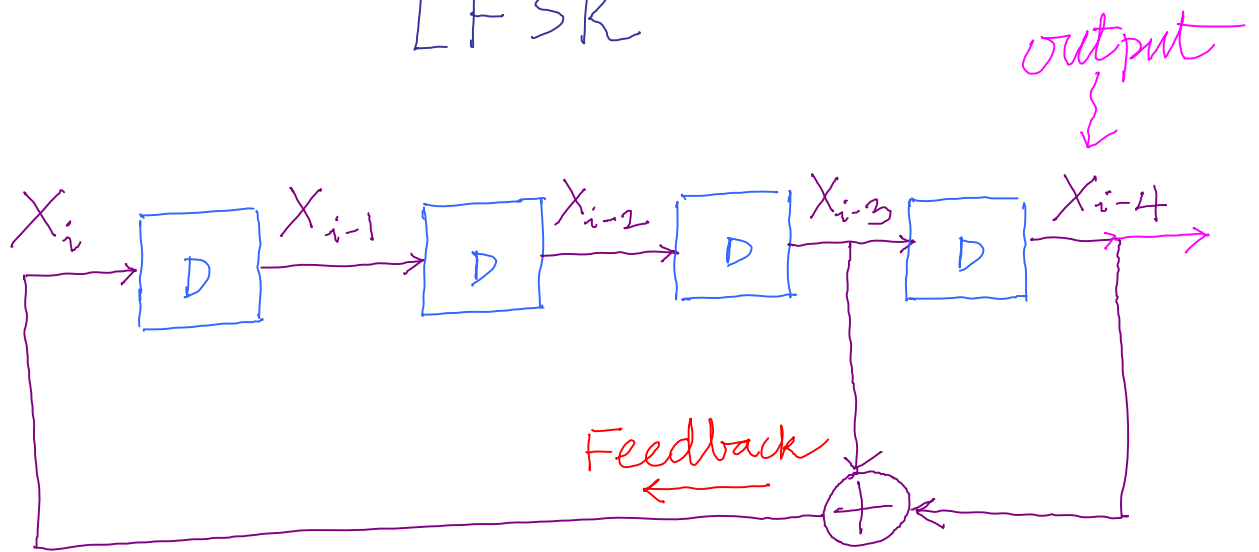
$$C_1 = [1, -1, -1, 1]$$

random sequence
of +1, -1s

PN Sequence
or Pseudo Noise Sequence.

PN sequences are generated
Using Linear Feedback
Shift Register (LFSR).

LFSR



Linear Feedback
Shift Register
LFSR

$$X_i = X_{i-3} \oplus X_{i-4}$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} 0 & \oplus & 0 & = & 0 \\ 1 & \oplus & 0 & = & 1 \\ 0 & \oplus & 1 & = & 1 \\ 1 & \oplus & 1 & = & 0 \end{array}$$

state { X_{i-1} X_{i-2} X_{i-3} X_{i-4} | X_i

LFSR
goes
through
 $2^4 - 1$
= 15
states

1	1	1	1	1	0
2	0	1	1	1	0
3	0	0	1	1	0
4	0	0	0	1	1
5	1	0	0	0	0
6	0	1	0	0	1
7	0	0	1	0	1
8	1	0	0	1	1
9	1	1	0	0	0
10	0	1	1	0	1
11	1	0	1	1	1
12	0	1	0	1	1
13	1	0	1	0	1
14	1	1	0	1	1
15	1	1	1	0	1

X_{i-4}
= output
= PN
sequence

all 1 state
Seq. Repeats →

1	1	1	1	1	0
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$$\text{Output} = X_{i-4}$$

$$= \underline{1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0}$$

Output PN Sequence.

state variables = 4

$X_{i-1} \ X_{i-2} \ X_{i-3} \ X_{i-4}$
Maximum # possible
states = $16 = 2^4$

LFSR goes through 15 states

MAXIMAL
LENGTH.

$$= 2^4 - 1$$

D = Number
of Delay
Registers

$$= 2^D - 1$$

such an LFSR which
goes through $2^D - 1$ states
is termed as 'maximal
length'.

PN sequence
= code of CDMA

= 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0
PN sequence